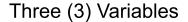
Laser Cutting



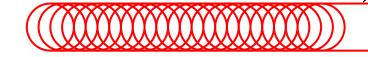
- Power (P)

- User defined % of the laser wattage used
- Speed (V) for velocity
- Pulsing (Hz)

Speed and Hz relate to each other

Laser cut line (Kerf)

Good



75% over lapping pulses = desired for clean cutting Speed is slow enough OR Hz is set high enough

Bad

Result is a dotted line Speed too high OR Hz is too low

Single laser pulse

Rule of Thumb for Beginners:

1% speed or less = 1,000 Hz

2% speed = 2,000 Hz

3% speed = 3,000 Hz

4% speed = 4,000 Hz

5% or higher = 5,000 Hz

Where to Start:

80 watt laser

2" lens

small hole nose cone with max air flow

.**125" material -** 90% power, .5% speed, 1,000 Hz

.25" material = 90% power, .35% speed, 1,000 Hz, Z offset -0.1"

Note:

Hz range is 1,000 Hz to 60,000 Hz Lower Hz = more Peak Power = (piercing and cutting) Higher Hz = more pulsing = more burning

Result:

If too much burning - Increase Speed *OR* Reduce Power If not cut through - Decrease Speed *OR* Increase Power